



The Metaverse and Media Finance

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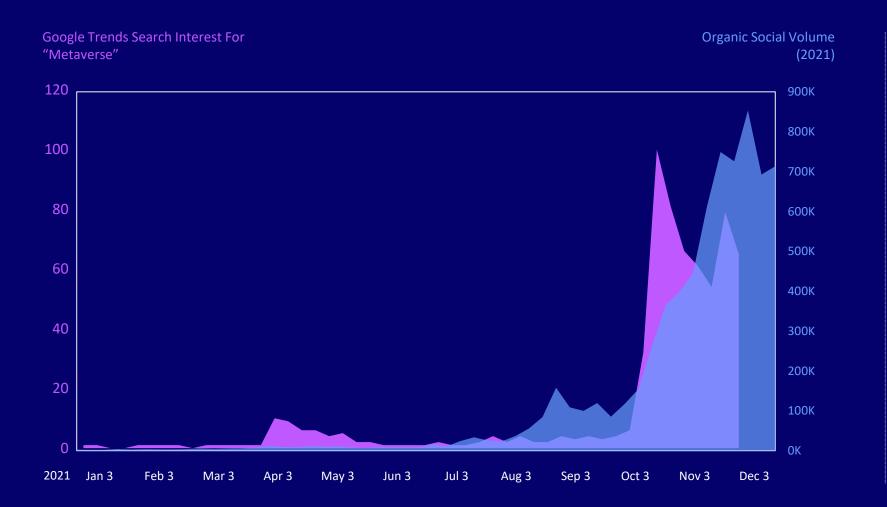
Metaverse Topics

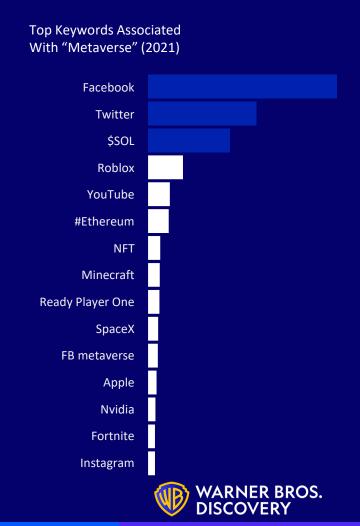
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How Has The Metaverse Been Trending?

• Metaverse was a nascent term in 2020, led by platforms like Fortnite, YT, FB, Roblox, and Second Life. In 2021, the idea exploded, with organic brand mentions powered by FB, \$SOL, Play Together, Roblox, Airdrop, Ethereum





What is the Metaverse?

The Internet disrupted life as we knew it and The Metaverse will do the same.

- Just as company webpages are required for consumer awareness & interaction (Web 2.0), so too will a presence in the Metaverse.
- So, what <u>is</u> the Metaverse? In its most basic form, the Metaverse is a Virtual & Augmented reality version of the internet. Many are referring to this as "Web 3," the 3rd generation of the internet.
 - The Metaverse isn't just one place, but many.
 - Think of the Metaverse as a "platform" on which experiences will exist and where digital goods can be created, sold, and transferred from one platform to another.
- What the Metaverse <u>is not:</u>
 - Crypto, NFTs, DAOs are components of the overall Metaverse. They operate on various metaverse platforms and are currently operational on the Web 2.0 version of the internet.



Where is the Metaverse? How do you access it?

Platforms

- In general, there are two platforms in which the metaverse can exist:
 - Decentralized, metaverse exists across the blockchain with no central authority governing its content.
 - Private, Walled Garden where companies establish their own metaverse platform in which they have full control of the terms of operation (e.g. Apple or Android app stores).

Immersive Technology

- For the most optimum, immersive experience, you access a Metaverse through a VR or AR headset. But, you can also access it directly through mobile or gaming devices or a computer.
 - Technology will continue to get smaller, faster, and more integrated which will ultimately expand the metaverse demand and use cases.
 - Wearable technology is extending the sensory experience to include touch (OWO Game), smell (OVR technology), and capture user movements (Shiftall Inc. and Haritorax).





PERSISTENT

A place of perpetual and continuous existence; life will continue whether people are online or offline.

REACTIVE

The virtual environment and the people inhabiting it will respond and reaction to users' actions in real-time.

INTEROPERABLE

Not tied to any one platform
– experiences, possessions and identities will travel unchanged across platforms.

SOCIAL

A place to socialize, meet new people, strengthen existing relationships, and create new communities.

WHAT DEFINES THE **METAVERSE**?

CREATIVE

A catalyst for creativity and inspiration, where people actively engage with content, rather than passively consuming it.

LIMITLESS

There is no cap to the number of users, experiences, or worlds

EVERYDAY

Seamlessly woven into our everyday activities and engagements

DECENTRALIZED

Ownership will be distributed

USER-DEFINED

Owned and shaped by the people living, connecting, creating, and participating in it.



"Ready Player One" vision of the Metaverse



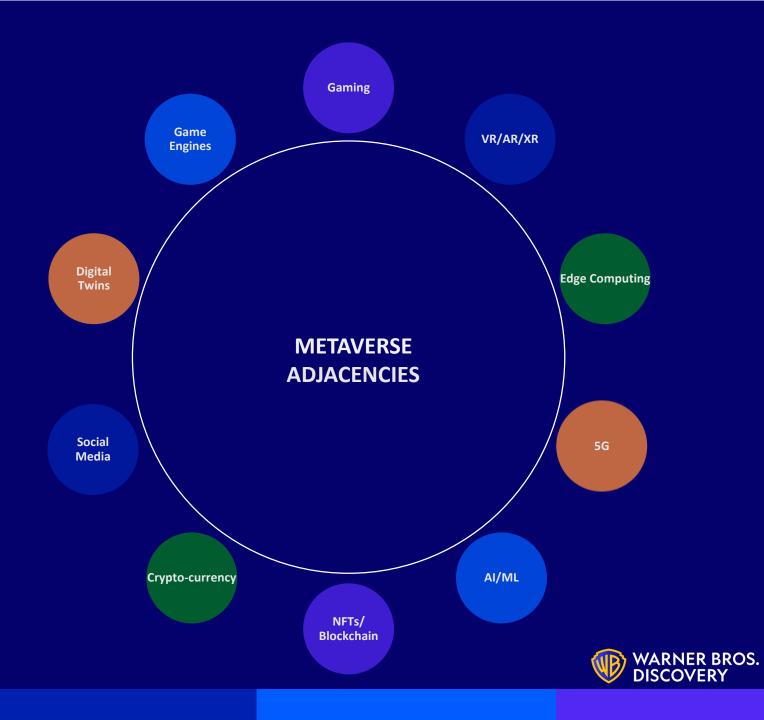
YouTube <u>Intro</u> Clip

The best depiction of a Metaverse vision is in the movie, "Ready Player One"



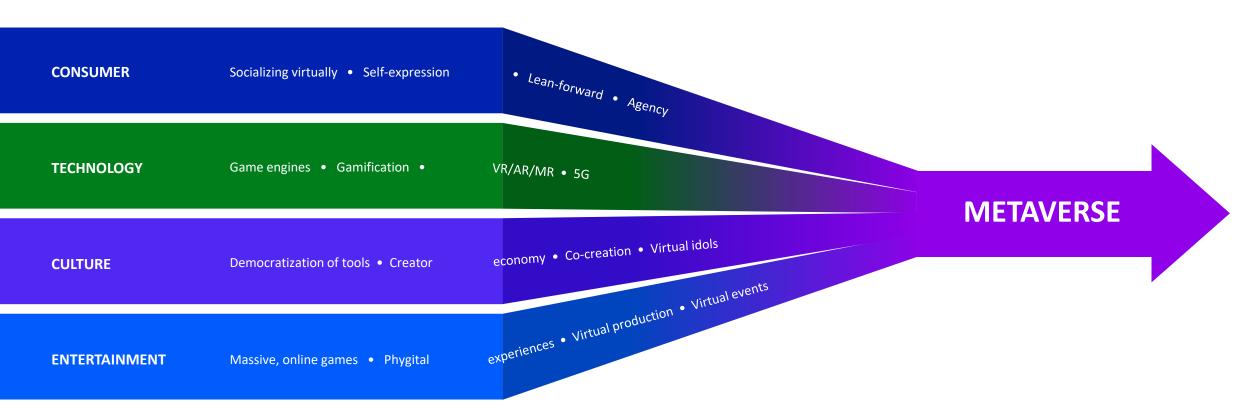
What Are The Related Technologies?

 Adjacent technologies and industries will intersect to contribute to the metaverse, but will also thrive independently of it



How did we get here?

 The metaverse concept represents the convergence of long-term trends and shifts across consumer needs, cultural trends, technology, and entertainment





The Decentralized Metaverse



The longest-running metaverse on the blockchain



A better, more user-friendly version of Decentraland

Large companies are already taking a stake in leading Metaverses



The Walled-Garden Metaverse



Two thirds of US kids between 9-12 y/o are on Roblox



Meta's 'walled garden' Metaverse is available on Oculus

Consumer engagement in existing Metaverses continues to grow



Top Metaverse-Like Platforms

• Metaverse-like platforms with the greatest scale currently are game-based, with virtual events on those platforms drawing large audiences

Engagement on Key Platforms

202.0M



140.0M



80.4M



Monthly Active Users (MAU)

Engagement w/In-Game Concerts on Key Platforms

RANK	EVENT	GAME	DATE	ARTISTS	WATCHED	VoD YOUTUBE* VIEWS
#1	Astronomical	FORTNITE	4/23/20 -4/25/20	TRAVI\$ SCOTT	16.2M	181M
#2	Party Royale Premiere	FORTNITE	5/8/20-5/9/20	DILLON FRANCIS	11.9M	3M
#3	Llama-Rama Kaskade	FORTNITE	3/26/21 - 3/27/21	KASKADE	6.3M	376K
#4	Lavapalooza	MINECRHFT	8/14/20 - 8/15/20	Several	6.6M	147K
#5	Marshmello	FORTNITE	2/2/19	MARSHMELLO	5.6M	73M



Up 10x to 300K users Since December 2021



LIVE HOURS

Business Dynamics in the Metaverse

Metaverse economy & investment

- Society is beginning to care as much about how they represent themselves and spend their time digitally as they do physically. This phenomenon is driving the Metaverse economy.
- Citibank recently estimated the metaverse economy could be worth \$10T by 2030.
 - If a broader definition of the metaverse is used, where access isn't limited to VR and AR devices, then the total market could be around \$13T with up to five billion users.
 - Citibank sees opportunities in various sectors, such as gaming, healthcare, art, advertising, and social collaboration.
- The Citibank also expects that money in the Metaverse will have numerous forms, such as in-game tokens, central bank digital currencies, and cryptocurrencies.
- Metaverse real estate generates a lot of buzz and conversation. Companies or individuals can use digital real estate to construct buildings, open storefronts, lease space for events, or place advertisements.
 - Like physical land, the value of digital property is dependent on scarcity, functionality built on land, and demand for the platform.



Business Dynamics in the Metaverse

Exploring the Metaverse business paradigm shift

- Combining brand franchises and demographics can present unique challenges and risks
 - Once a brand is available in the Metaverse it can become homogenized against everything else in the Metaverse.
 This could be a concern for certain protected brands.
 - IP owners can lose control of the brand story, IP is no longer a standalone story, everything becomes a co-star to the broader show – the Metaverse
 - Fortnite had a game story and its own characters, but abandoned them to plug in more recognizable characters from other existing franchises, essentially losing its own story but becoming a vehicle for cross-overs, unified demographics and thus massive profits
 - Although a brand's value in the physical world will translate to the digital world, consumers will be less likely to rely on a brand's reputation for manufacturing quality and more so on the self-expression and status aspects. This type of consumer behavior is influencing which brands and strategies are succeeding in the Metaverse.
 - Companies will need to strategize which IP and brands they put into a Metaverse platform and in what form -- license it, control it within a private walled-garden, release it to the decentralized environment, or a combination of all three





Business Dynamics – the Metaverse Spectrum

Involvement in the Metaverse can take various forms, from casual observer to total shift in corporate vision

Observer	Investor	Accelerator
Fast follower approach	Senior leadership appointments	Defined Metaverse Strategy
 Bias to allow time for Metaverse use cases to mature Some company resources dedicated (e.g. mid- 	 Coordinated approach across BUs & product offerings Initial Capability Building 	 Corporate vision Deep understanding of core competencies & how they work together
senior level hires, minimal investment)	 Acquisitions or internal development 	Established Capabilities & Investment
 Monitor developments via working teams 	 Periodic Consumer Experiences Customer engagement (one time or recurring) 	 Complimentary business lines (Cloud, hardware, software, existing user base)
	 Advertising product Development Development of advertising tech in existing metaverses 	 Recurring Consumer Experiences Scaled up development teams Established partnerships to fill capability gaps
	 Partnerships & Licensing Collab NFTs, digital merch, skins, etc. 	 Secure Assets to Fill Gaps Complementary IP
	 Metaverse domains "Real estate," domain names, etc. 	 Leverage existing content partnerships for inclusion in Metaverse offerings



Media & Tech Landscape

Technology & Media companies are at various stages of Metaverse engagement

	Observer	Investor	Accelerator
™ Meta	Instagram testing NFT integrations	 Platform Dev - Horizon Worlds Hardware – AR Technology Dev 	Pivot on corporate vision / missionHardware - VR Oculus
•	Early experimentation with Google Glass (2014), re-engaging in AR	 Executive leadership placements AR acquisition & headset dev (est '24) 	Developing proprietary OS and AR processors
licrosoft		Acquisitions (AltspaceVR, Activision)Cloud tech & privacy capabilities	Practical application focus (Mesh)Commercial AR dev (HoloLens)
Ĺ	• "Shmetaverse"	 ARKit AR software framework dev Assumed AR & XR Technology dev 	
on	Product Mgr. hire to support cloud based Metaverse (VR training game)	AR shopping tech (room decorator)	
enep+		Executive leadership placementsNFT drops (Star Wars, Marvel)	Patented Metaverse techTheme park experimentation
TFLIX	Basic VR content viewing (living room or theater 'experience')	Executive leadership placementsGaming company acquisitions	Shared-viewing experience rumored to be in development
IBC	Basic VR show viewing	Ad Tech innovation (eye-track, etc.)Bravo Bazaar shopping experience	Comcast investments in 10G
thers		EPIC Spotify WARNER BROS. Place OVERY SONY	SANDBOX. OpenSea Decentral and RABLEX

Media Success Factors in the Metaverse

Common best practices across the Metaverse spectrum

- Senior leadership appointments
 - Strategic vision for current execution & future offerings
 - Coordination across business units
- Understand core competencies and how they fit together
 - Identify capability gaps
 - Gap closure via acquisitions, internal development, or partnerships
- Consumer engagement
 - Test to understand what works for your brands/fans
 - Develop a plan for sustained consumer engagement
- Onboard new capabilities & partners



Staking Your Company's Claim in the Metaverse

Choosing where and how to invest

- The term 'The Metaverse' isn't a single entity, but a concept. The Metaverse exists on multiple platforms (decentralized and walled garden) and forms – gaming, online communities, professional collaboration, digital commerce, and an endless combinations of the above.
- Companies will want to choose the right IP and brands for representation in each platform.
- Each platform offers different foundational characteristics and attracts different user communities. Choosing the right platform(s) and format is a crucial business decision to ensure it delivers what is promised.



- Snoop Dog owns 122 plots on the Sandbox platform. Nike, PWC, and Reese Witherspoon also own parcels there.
- Paris Hilton has a virtual island in Roblox. Tommy Hilfiger owns land in the fashion district.
- Barbados developed an embassy and JPMorgan opened a bank branch called the Onyx Lounge in Decentraland



Media Finance & the Metaverse

What role will finance play in a Metaverse investment?

- Sales and marketing will turn to Finance for guidance on the economics and financial operations within the Metaverse. It will be essential to understand various business models in the Metaverse.
 - Negotiation with NFT Auction providers, establishing storefronts
 - Understanding of new ad tech innovations and products
- NFTs will likely be an important component of the Metaverse revenue model. It is important to understand the accounting impacts of digital assets NFTs and Cryptocurrency.
 - The secondary market provides revenue in perpetuity. Finance will need to accommodate this ongoing revenue stream and forecast.
- Investing in the Metaverse purchasing digital land or other digital assets may require transacting in cryptocurrency, navigating crypto account onboarding and designing controls and procedures
- Acquiring digital domains (e.g. real estate, domain names).
- Partnering with legal and tax on IP and e-commerce issues.
- Real-time monitoring and tracking of Metaverse investments what is working, what is not?
 - Closer integration with business



First Steps into the Metaverse

Professional suggestions for getting started

- Richard Eisenberg, former editor of Money and Yahoo! Finance suggests the following:
 - Start by learning all you can. Sign up for training videos, read articles,
 follow metaverse topics on social meeting.
 - Tap the talent of your partners or hire a metaverse professional.
 - Discover how your competitors and customers are using the Metaverse.
 This will be a good indicator to help you decide on the best timing for your brands.
 - Figure out which elements of your customers' journey and partner vendors' journey lend themselves to the Metaverse. What will save them time or hassle, or enrich their experience?
 - Try small, limited inexpensive Metaverse tests.
- Start having discussions with leadership, and ask questions!

"The time is now to think big,

Accenture



Appendix



Glossary

Terms that are frequently used in describing the Metaverse

DAO - decentralized autonomous organization is an organization constructed by rules encoded as a computer program that is often transparent, controlled by the organization's members and not influenced by a central government, in other words they are member-owned communities without centralized leadership. [Examples: ConstitutionDAO, ApeDAO, PleasrDAO]

Virtual Reality (VR) - is a simulated experience that can be similar to or completely different from the real world. Applications of virtual reality include entertainment (particularly video games), education (such as medical or military training) and business (such as virtual meetings)

Augmented Reality (AR) - is an interactive experience of a real-world environment where the objects that reside in the real world are enhanced by computer-generated perceptual information, sometimes across multiple sensory modalities, including visual, auditory, haptic, somatosensory and olfactory

Mixed Reality (MR) - is the merging of real and virtual worlds to produce new environments and visualizations, where physical and digital objects co-exist and interact in real time. Mixed reality does not exclusively take place in either the physical world or virtual world, but is a hybrid of augmented reality and virtual reality. [Mixed Reality encompasses the 'middle ground' between the real world and virtual world and includes augmented reality]

Snow Crash - is a science fiction novel by the American writer Neal Stephenson, published in 1992. [The term 'Metaverse' was coined in this book]

Spatial Audio – A.K.A. Surround sound is a technique for enriching the fidelity and depth of sound reproduction by using multiple audio channels from speakers that surround the listener (surround channels) [VR headsets include spatial audio that adjusts as the user moves]

Voxels - In 3D computer graphics, a voxel represents a value on a regular grid in three-dimensional space. As with pixels in a 2D bitmap, voxels themselves do not typically have their position (i.e. coordinates) explicitly encoded with their values. [A Voxel is essentially a 3D Pixel]

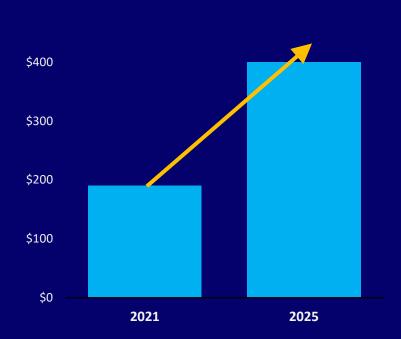


Market Size

• Given the amorphous nature and early stage of the metaverse, the exact amount of resources, capital, and revenue generated in the future is challenging to forecast; estimates range from \$82B¹ to \$800B by 2024-2025

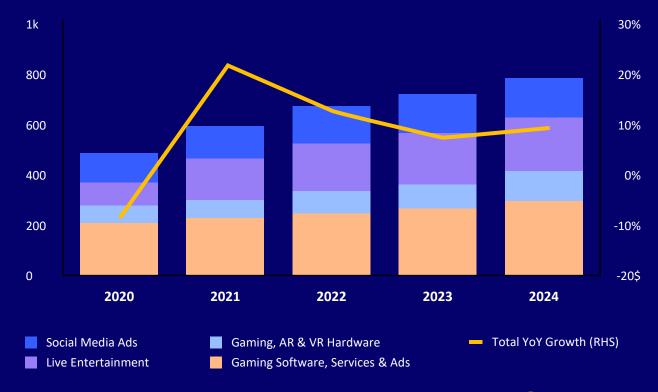
Virtual Worlds Revenue

Ark Invest estimates revenue from virtual worlds could approach \$400B² by 2025



Bloomberg's assumptions for Metaverse growth by 2024

Bloomberg Intelligence believes market opportunity for metaverse could be \$800B³ by 2024





What is the Metaverse?

Key components of the Metaverse vision include:



Avatar – your digital representation in the Metaverse. Eventually, avatars will be able to move seamlessly through different platforms – shopping, games, concerts, etc.



VR and AR devices – the technology that immerses a user visually into the metaverse. VR puts you into a totally virtual world, where AR layers virtual digital assets on top of what you see in the physical world. As technology improves and matures with faster, lighter, better sound and visuals, the greater Metaverse adoption we will see.



Interoperability – digital assets, content and data needs to carry over into the next virtual world (e.g. your avatar can wear its Nike NFT from one Metaverse platform into another).



Autonomy – Web3 and blockchain technology enables more individual autonomy and less centralized control from a few mega companies in Web2 (Meta, Google, Amazon, etc.) which levels the competitive landscape – anyone can create content and the next big thing.



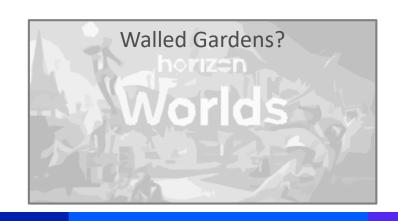
The Media & Tech Landscape

What are Media & Tech companies doing in the Metaverse?

- Media & Tech have become intertwined.
 - Apple, Microsoft, Google, and Meta are all media companies to one degree or another.
 - Tech companies continue to build Metaverse infrastructure.
- Technology companies have advantages in the Metaverse:
 - Ownership of Metaverse hardware, software & content IP
 - Cloud storage & computing capacity
 - Existing user bases (e.g. gaming platforms, social platforms, services)
- Media companies and content creators will choose which platforms to engage with consumers.
 - Pros and cons associated with each scenario.



And / Or





Staking Your Company's Claim in the Metaverse

What factors should be considered in choosing where and how to invest?

Decentralized

- The decentralized Metaverse is a movement and aligns with the pure definition and vision – open shared world where users can move seamlessly across platforms and trade assets without a centralized authority.
- Blockchain, edge computing, and AI are some of the biggest technologies supporting democratization of the Metaverse.
- Users gain complete control and ownership over their assets and experiences.
- Decentralized Authority Organizations (DAO).
- User defined experiences and content.

Centralized – Walled Garden

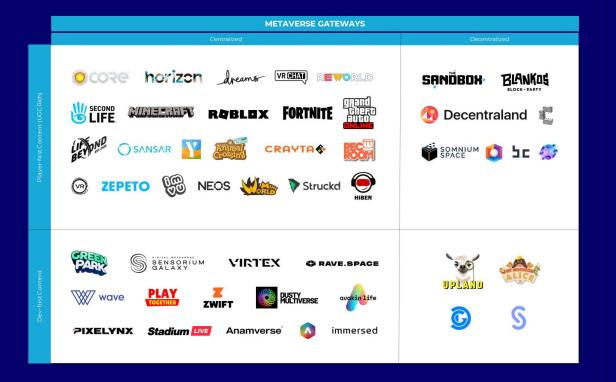
- Private walled-gardens are controlled by a central authority who control the usage terms, content, user experience, brand and IP usage.
- Tightly protected IP would be safer in a walled-garden where the Company can control how assets are used and the overall experience.
- Meta, Roblox, Fortnite are examples of walled-gardens.
- They haven't figured out interoperability where digital assets transfer across walled gardens. Will this create a barrier for users and usage?

Choosing the right platform(s) is a crucial decision.

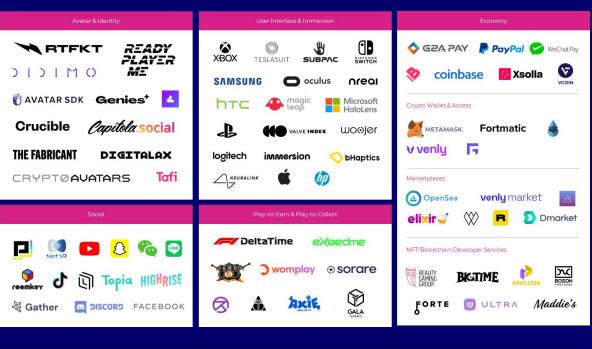


LANDSCAPE

 There are players large and small across platforms/gateways, components/services, and infrastructure – the largest players with assets across the landscape include Facebook/Meta, Microsoft, Nvidia, and Tencent



METAVERSE SERVICES



METAVERSE INFRASTRUCTURE

